

Changing Marketing Landscape - Challenges for Business Sustainability

24 - 26 August 2008

CHINA - THE GLOBAL DRIVER FOR ECONOMICS, CONSUMPTION AND DEMAND IN THE OILS AND FATS MARKET

TOMMY XIAO JUN

Shanghai JC Intelligence, P.R. China

SESSION 3 MARKET FUNDAMENTALS & PRICE OUTLOOK

China - The Global Driver for Economics, Consumption and Demand in the Oils and Fats Market

Tommy Xiao Jun Shanghai JC Intelligence, China

Email: tommy@chinajci.com

Abstract

US financial market has been cracking severely in response to the obvious weaker real estate and related financial derivatives caused by the sub-prime mortgage crisis during April 2008, driving continued record highs from global commodity and commodity futures market indirectly. Firstly, greenback has been weakening continually in recent years. Secondly, greenback owners choose commodity and commodity futures market, mainly including crude oil, noble metals and agriculture products, to hedge and avoid further business loss. Thirdly, the serious decrease in Australian wheat production consecutively in 2006 and 2007 has also contributed to the quick surges in global grain market, with corn included. As a whole, continue surges in CBOT corn, rapidly weakened greenbacks and soaring crude oil have driven the global grain and edible oil into a history high stage. As one of the emerging markets, or one of BRIK counties. China has also been exposed to the quake in global commodity market. In line with the rapidly developed economy and naturally increase in population, China has been expanding its edible oil imports in recent years. Actually, large demand on grains and edible oils by China and India supports the price strongly in the international commodity market. Although China is deemed to face an adjustment in 2008, its economy is hopeful to keep hiking quickly. National reserving system has been strengthening its exports in raising oils and oilseeds import despite the monetary squeeze policy as set by the central government. In particular, regional difference in economy development in China helps to highlight the importance of palm oil recently, which gains more and more importance amid consumers. Chinese government is encouraging oilseed production nowadays, but oilseed import is deemed to rise continually in the future.

China-The Global Driver for Economics, Consumption and Demand in the Oil and Fats Market

Senior Analyst

Tommy Xiao

www.chinajci.com

As we all know, US financial market has been cracking severely in response to the obvious weaker real estate and related financial derivatives caused by the subprime mortgage crisis during April, 2007, driving continued record highs from global commodity and commodity futures market indirectly. As a whole, continued surges in CBOT corn, rapidly weakened greenbacks and soaring crude oil have driven the global grain oilseeds and edible oil into a history high stage.

Firstly, greenback has been weakening continually in recent years.

Secondly, greenback owners choose commodity and commodity futures market, mainly including crude oil, noble metals and agriculture products, to hedge and avoid further business loss.

Thirdly, the serious decrease in Australian wheat production consecutively in 2006 and 2007 has also contributed to the quick surges in global grain market, with corn included. As one of the emerging markets, or one of BRICs, China has also been exposed to the quake in global commodity market. In line with the rapidly developed economy and naturally increase in population, China has been expanding its edible oil imports in recent years.

Actually, large demand on grains and edible oils by China and India supports the price strongly in the international commodity market. Although China is deemed to face an adjustment in 2008, its economy is hopeful to keep hiking quickly. National reserving system has been strengthening its efforts in raising oils and oilseeds import despite the monetary squeeze policy as set by the central government.

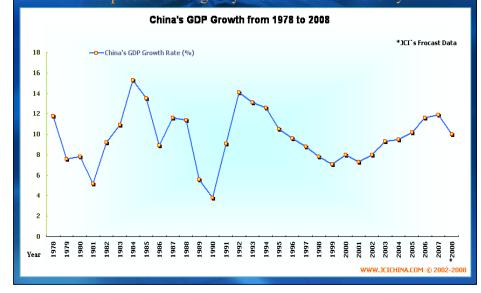
In particular, regional difference in economy development in China helps to highlight the importance of palm oil recently, which gains more and more importance amid consumers. Chinese government is encouraging oilseed production nowadays, but oilseed import is deemed to rise continually in the future.

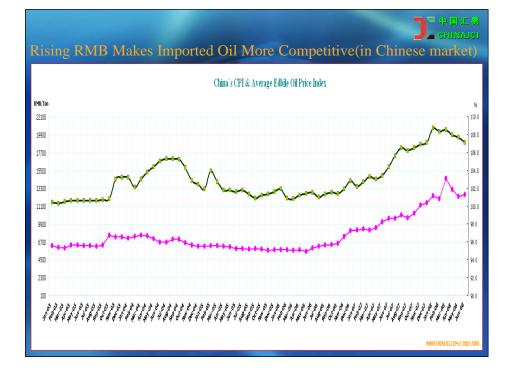


PART I.

Chinese Oil Consuming Market Under Rapid Developmont of China's Economy.

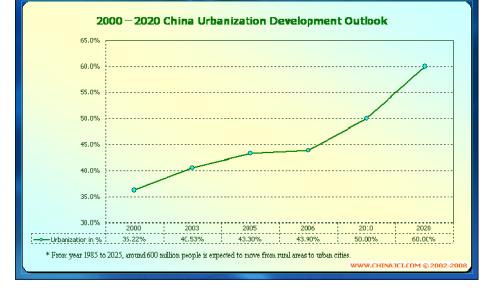
China's Economy keeps rapid growth, but also faces challenge from environmental problems brought by Labor-intensive Economy.

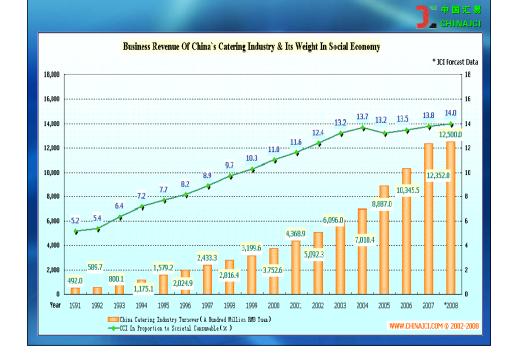


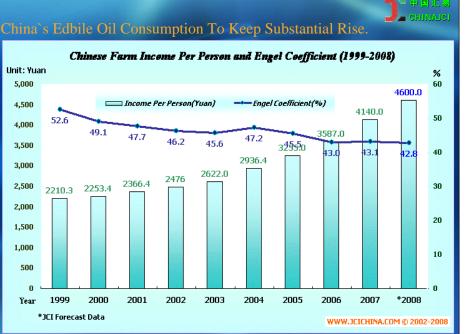




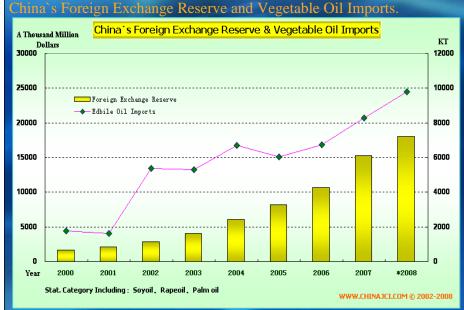
China's Rapid Economic Growth Boosts Urbanization and Edible Oi Consumption.



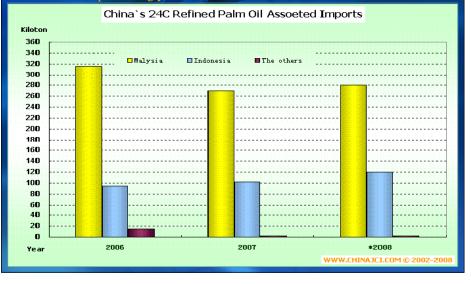




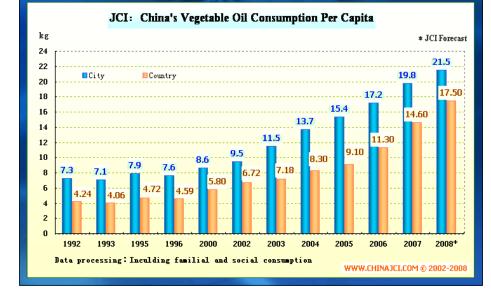
China's Foreign Exchange Re



From November 1, 2007 till now, China has purchased 800,000-900,000 MT of soy oil in all. In near future, palm oil will be added into the state reserve variety, which can raise edible oil import strongly.



Regional Difference Of Economic Growth Makes Palm Oil More Valuable.

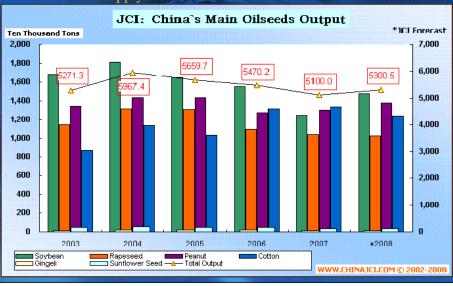


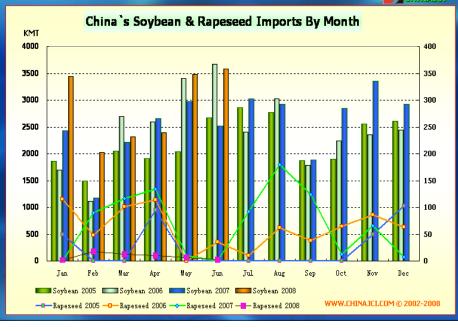
4.000

1.000

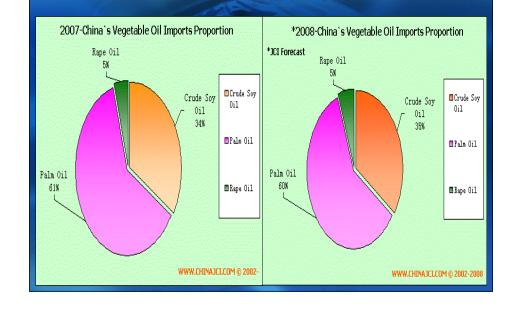
PART II. Future Trend Of China's Oil Consuming Market. China's Oil and Oilseed Import to Maintain High Increase Rate. China's Vegetable Oil Imports By Month Kiloton 1500 10,000 1350 9,000 1200 8.000 1050 7,000 6,000 900 750 5,000 600 3.000 450 300 2,000 150 Tul A119 Sed Oct Nov Dee 2004 2005 2007 2008 WWW.CHINAJCI.COM © 2002-2008

Chinese Government Encourages Oilseed Production, But Still Face Short Domestic Supply.



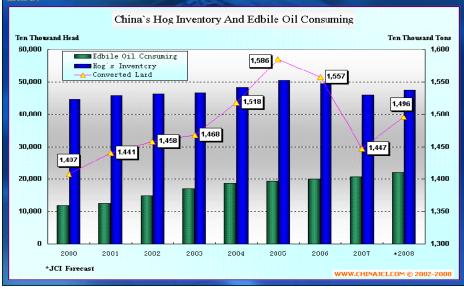


Palm Oil ranks the first among China's Vegetable Oils Imports.



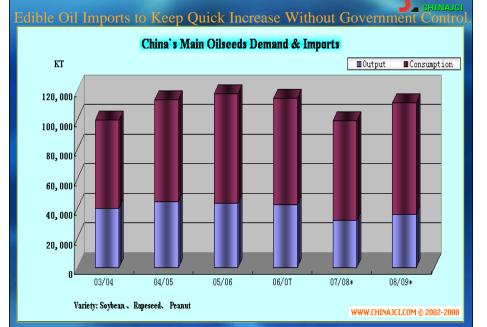






■ 中国汇易 = CHINAIC



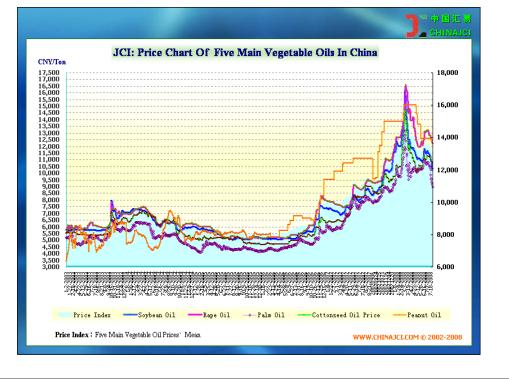


JCI: China's & World's Vegetable Oil Consumption Per Capita kg * JCI Forecast 24 21.00 China's Vegetable Oil Consumption Per Capita 22 20.00 19.50 19.00 World's Vegetable Oil Consumption Per Capita 20 17.20 18 16.00 18.60 16 14.00 14.25 14 12.25 11.0012 9.34 10 2 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008* Data processing: Inculding familial and social consumption WWW.CHINAJCI.COM © 2002-2008

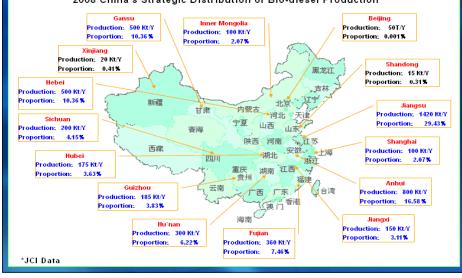
China's Vegetable Consumption Per Capita to Stablize at High Leve with Economic and Population Growth.



▶ 中国汇↓







JCI forecast

60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

ne/-

1.641 2,314

9,000 9,850

100 150

